







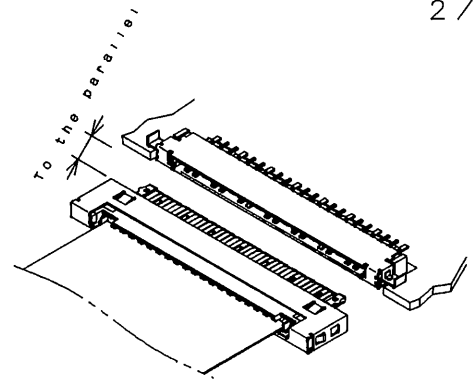
JAPAN AVIATION ELECTRONICS IND., LTD. 3-1-1 MUSASHINO, AKISHIMA-CITY TOKYO, JAPAN		SPECIFICATION TABLE		NO. JACS-1597-3-E		1/3								
				CONNECTOR/SERIES FI-X**M (FPC Side)										
				APPLICABLE DWG NO.  SJ033464, SJ034703										
STANDARD DATA				Rev.	Date	Description	DRAWN BY	CHK'D BY	APP'D BY					
Applicable Connector (PCB Side) 	FI-X(B)**S-HF**			1	7. Jun. 1999	—	K. HAYASHI	K. HISATOMI	H. AMEMIYA					
	SJ033461, SJ033462			2	3. Feb. 2000	DCN-45546	M. TAKAKU	—	<i>H. Amemiya</i>					
	SJ034508, SJ034509													
	SJ034696, SJ034697													
Applicable Cable		0.14 $\pm$ 0.03 thick FPC (NOTE2)												
Current		1A AC/DC per contact												
Voltage		200V AC/DC per contact												
Operating Temperature		-40°C to +80°C												
REMARK: Note 1. This specification covers the requirements for FPC relay connector mated with a pin header and a FPC.									Grade					
Note 2. The thickness of the contact part of FPC must be in the allowance, when you add the load of 1.96N by a point hemisphere(R=0.2) probe to the contact part of FPC.									C					
ITEM		REQUIREMENT				TEST METHOD				REQUIREMENT				
Mechanical	Construction										As specified in the drawing			
	Materials, finishes										As specified in the drawing			
	Connector mating force		Mate the counterpart connector.								MAX 1.96N×n (n: pin) 			
	Connector unmating force		Unmate the counterpart connector.								MIN 0.25N×n (n: pin) 			
	Slider operating force		After FPC is inserted, depress slider.								MAX 1.96N×n (n: pin) 			
	Cable holding force		Measured after FPC is inserted and slider is depressed.								MIN 0.74N×n (n: pin) 			
	Contact retention		Measured by the tensile tester.								MIN 2.9N			
	Contact durability		Mate and unmate connectors for 50 times.								Contact resistance: 80m Ω max.			
	Vibration		Amplitude ±1.5mm, 10~55Hz 3axes 2hours per each.								No electrical discontinuities more than 1 micro second during test.			
	Shock		MIL-STD-202 METHOD 202, 490m/s <sup>2</sup> 3axes. An appropriate holder may be used for mounting in case of vibration and shock tests.								No mechanical damage during/after test			
Electrical	Voltage proof		Apply specified voltage between adjacent contacts.								500VACr.m.s. for 1 minute No damage			
	Insulation resistance		Apply 100VDC between adjacent contacts and measure within 1 minute.								100M Ω min.			
	Contact resistance		To measure with voltage drop method. (20mV, 1mA)								40m Ω max.			
Environmental	Thermal shock		-55°C~+85°C 5 cycles								a) Contact resistance: 80m Ω max.			
	Damp heat		Expose at 90~95%RH and 60°C temperature for 96 hours.								b) Insulation resistance: 50M Ω min. c) Voltage proof: 250VACr.m.s. for 1 minute			
	Corrosion		Salt splay test: Salt concentration: 5% at 35°C for 48 hours								There shall be no corrosion that will affect performance. Contact resistance: 80m Ω max.			
	Resistance to solder heat		260±5°C for 2 minutes								No damage			
	Solderability-wetting		Dip in Sn/Pb solder, (60/40), 230±5°C for 3±0.5 seconds.								Solder was covered with more than 95% area dipped.			

# Handling Notes

(Please refer to  
JABL-1597 for details)

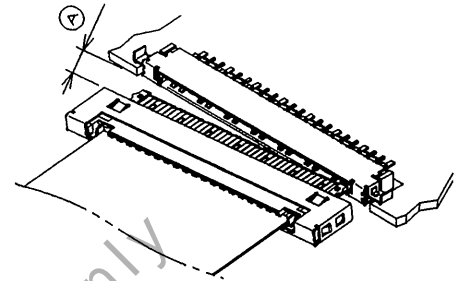
## A. When to mate/unmate connectors

1. In general, please hold the connector body and then mate/unmate parallelly to the other connector.



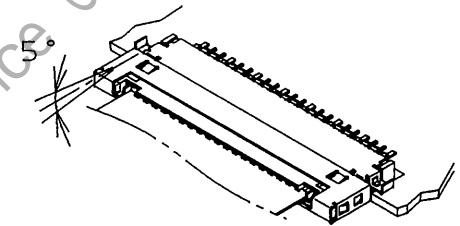
## 2. Mating Connectors

Please make sure to give a certain amount of space (A) when the other side of connectors are begun mating.



When the both sides are guided to the other connector, please mate them parallelly.

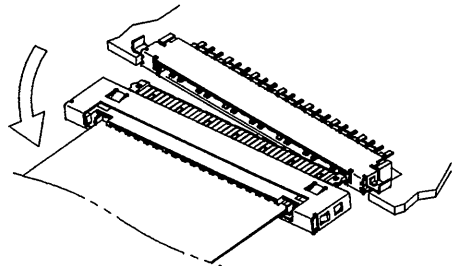
Slant mating (in top and bottom way) must be allowed within 5°



## 3. Unmating connectors

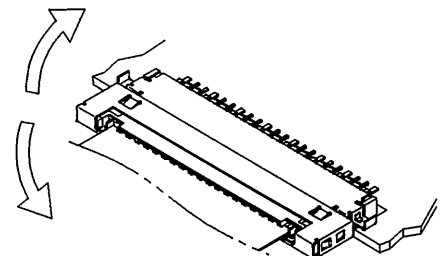
As you see  $\Rightarrow$  on the drawing, please don't hold one side of the connector and unmate.

In general, please shake it right and left in unmating direction to unmate.



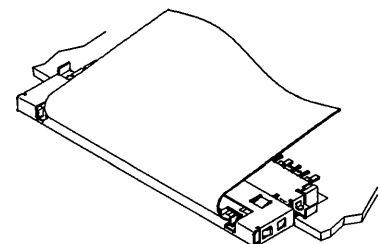
## 4. Absolute Prohibition

Please don't put an excessive stress to  $\Rightarrow$  directions



## 5. FPC Handling

Please don't turn up or down a FPC at the connector's fulcrum because it may cut off or break the FPC pattern.



## 6. Soldering by a Soldering Iron (PCB SIDE)

When you use a Soldering Iron, please don't take more than 3 seconds.

Bend attention  
of FPC

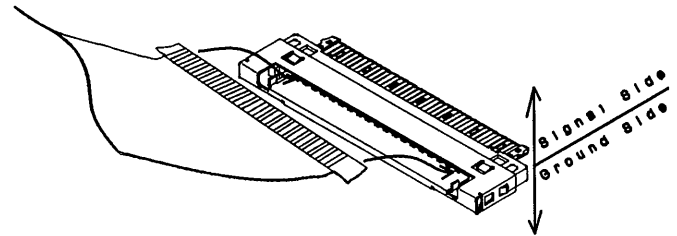
(Temperature of  
Soldering Iron: 30watts and 350°C or less)

## B. Operation Manual (FPC SIDE)

### 1. When to Insert FPC

Please make sure the signal and ground side direction before insert the FPC.

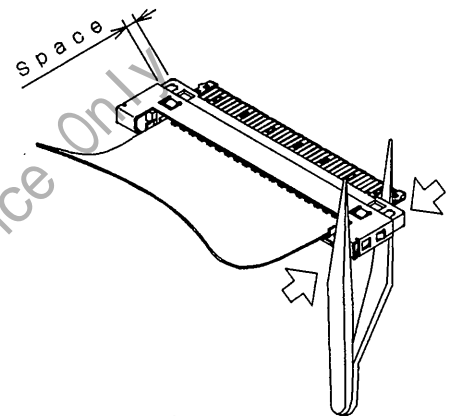
Please hold the both sides of edge of the connector, and then slide the FPC slant ways until it touches to the end.



### 2. When to Insert Shell

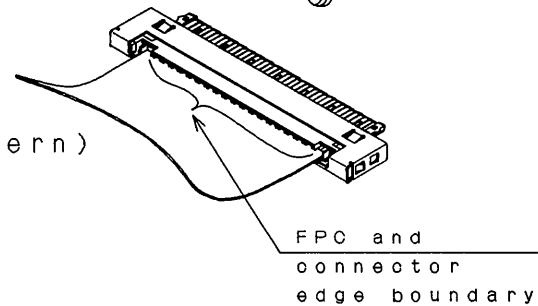
Please make sure the FPC is properly set, and then use a pair of tweezers to push it in.

After the insertion, please make sure no space there as shown on the drawing.



### 3. Handling After Mating

Please don't put excessive force between the FPC and connector.  
(It may cut off or break the FPC pattern)

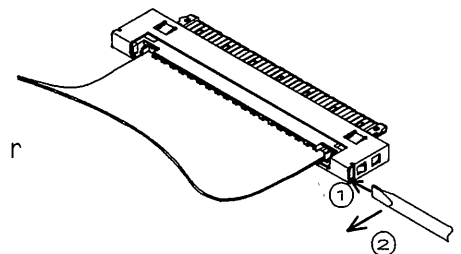


### 4. When to Remove FPC

①Put in a 1.2mm screw driver to the "unlock hole" till the end, and then②hold that condition to pull out the shell.

After pulling out the shell, please remove the FPC slant ways. Once the FPC is remove, that connector is prohibited to reuse.

Remove FPC can be reuse once only if there is no external damage (especially near mating area).



Please refer to JABL-1597 for detailed content of the handling notes above.